

PHIẾU BÀI TẬP TIẾNG ANH 9 (Từ 24/02 – 01/03)

Exercise I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others (0,5p)

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|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. stop <u>pe</u> d | B. organiz <u>e</u> d | C. chang <u>e</u> d | D. mov <u>e</u> d |
| 2. A. bor <u>e</u> d | B. train <u>e</u> d | C. stay <u>e</u> d | D. look <u>e</u> d |
| 3. A. stop <u>pe</u> d | B. talk <u>e</u> d | C. visit <u>e</u> d | D. watch <u>e</u> d |
| 4. A. wash <u>e</u> d | B. invit <u>e</u> d | C. need <u>e</u> d | D. wait <u>e</u> d |
| 5. A. danc <u>e</u> d | B. show <u>e</u> d | C. watch <u>e</u> d | D. help <u>e</u> d |
| 6. A. finish <u>e</u> d | B. work <u>e</u> d | C. chang <u>e</u> d | D. talk <u>e</u> d |
| 7. A. cook <u>e</u> d | B. stop <u>pe</u> d | C. lik <u>e</u> d | D. learn <u>e</u> d |
| 8. A. help <u>e</u> d | B. arriv <u>e</u> d | C. discuss <u>e</u> d | D. ask <u>e</u> d |
| 9. A. borrow <u>e</u> d | B. delet <u>e</u> d | C. cheat <u>e</u> d | D. avoid <u>e</u> d |
| 10. A. cough <u>e</u> d | B. laugh <u>e</u> d | C. plough <u>e</u> d | D. mix <u>e</u> d |

Có 3 cách phát âm ed trong tiếng anh là -/id/ /-t/ -/d/

<p>1. Đuôi /ed/ được phát âm là /id/ khi động từ có phát âm kết thúc là /t/ hay /d/</p>	<p>2. Đuôi /ed/ được phát âm là /t/ khi động từ có phát âm kết thúc là /s/, /f/, /p/, /ʃ/, /tʃ/, /k/</p>	<p>3. Đuôi /ed/ được phát âm là /d/ với các trường hợp còn lại /b/, /g/, /v/, /z/, /ʒ/, /dʒ/, /ð/, /m/, /n/, /ŋ/, /l/, /r/ và các nguyên âm</p>
<p>- wanted /'wɑ:nɪd/ : muốn - collected, planted - Added /æd/ : thêm vào - ended, decided</p>	<p>1. /s/ placed, practised, missed, fixed 2. /p/ Hoped /hoʊpt/ : hy vọng 3. /f/ Coughed : /kɔ:ft/ : Ho 4. /ʃ/ Washed : /wɔ:ʃt/ : giặt 5. /tʃ/ Caught : /kɔ:tʃt/ : Bắt , nắm bắt 6. /k/ Asked : /æskt/ : Hỏi</p>	<p>- Cried : /kraɪd/ : Khóc - Smiled : /smaɪld/ : Cười - Played : /pleɪd/ : Chơi.</p>

Exercise II: Choose the best one (A, B, C or D) to complete the sentence.

- The passengers had to wait because the plane _____ off one hour late.
A. took B. turned C. cut D. made
- Be careful! The tree is going to fall.
A. Look out B. Look up C. Look on D. Look after
- The organization was established in 1950 in the USA.
A. come around B. set up C. made out D. put on

4. I couldn't make out what he had talked about because I was not used to his accent.

- A. stand B. understand C. write D. interrupt

5. I'm sorry. I didn't mean to interrupt you. Please, go on and finish what you were saying.

- A. talk B. quit C. continue D. stop

6. The firefighters fought the blaze while the crowd was looking on it.

- A. blowing B. watering C. preventing D. watching

7. Don't forget to your gloves on. It is cold outside.

- A. let B. make C. put D. fix

8. Yesterday I ran into Sam at the grocery store. I had not seen him for years.

- A. met B. visited C. said goodbye to D. made friends with

9. Let's go over that report again before we submit it.

- A. dictate B. print C. read carefully D. type

10. She is not really friendly. She does not get on well her classmates.

- A. from B. with C. for D. to

Phrasal verbs (HS sử dụng “ phrasal verbs” để làm bài tập

1. take off (v) >< land (v) máy bay cất cánh>< ... hạ cánh

2. establish (v) = found (v) = set up (v): thành lập

3. go on (v) = continue (v)

.....

Exercise III. Complete each of the following sentences so that it means the same as the sentence before it.

1/ I haven't met my uncle for 5 years.

-> I last.....

-> The last time I.....

-> It is 5 years.....

2/ This is the most expensive computer I have ever had.

-> I have never..... than this before.

-> I havesuch.....

3/ I think we should spend more time on English.

-> I suggest.....

4/ Why don't we travel to school by bus?

-> Shall.....?

5/ This is the first time we have seen that film.

-> We..... before.

6/ When did he buy this expensive car?

-> How long..... this expensive car?

Exercise IV. Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer to questions

Singapore is an island city of about three million people. It's a beautiful city with lots of parks and open spaces. It's also a very (1)_____ city.

Most of the people (2)_____ in high-rise flats in different parts of the island. The business district is very modern with (3)_____ of high new office buildings. Singapore also has some nice older sections. In Chinatown, there (4)_____ rows of old shop houses. The government buildings in Singapore are very beautiful and date from the colonial days.

Singapore is famous (5)_____ its shops and restaurants. There are many good shopping centers. Most of the goods are duty free. Singapore's restaurants sell Chinese, Indian, Malay and European food, and the prices are quite reasonable.

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|-------------|------------|---------------|----------|
| 1. A. large | B. dirty | C. small | D. clean |
| 2. A. live | B. lives | C. are living | D. lived |
| 3. A. lot | B. lots | C. many | D. much |
| 4. A. is | B. will be | C. were | D. are |
| 5. A. in | B. on | C. at | D. for |

Exercise V: Read the following and choose the best answer.

Bill Gates is the co-founder of Microsoft, the world's largest PC software company. He is among the richest people in the world. Bill Gates' interest in computers started when he was a teenager. After high school, he was accepted to several top colleges in the USA: Harvard, Yale, and Princeton. He chose to go to Harvard to study law. At Harvard, he focused more on his interest in computer than on coursework. He often relaxed by playing video games in Harvard's computer lab. He left Harvard before graduating because he wanted to open a software company with his friend Paul Allen. However, he later said, "I don't think dropping out is a good idea." In 2007, he received an honorary degree from Harvard. He began his speech by saying this to his father in the audience. "I've been waiting more than 30 years to say this: Dad, I always told you I'd come back

and get my degree.” Bill Gates is no longer working full time for Microsoft. He is now, with his wife, running The Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation which aims to improve healthcare, reduce poverty, and promote education around the world

1. When did Bill Gates first develop his interest in computers?
 - A. During his teenage years
 - B. When he went to university
 - C. When he was at nursery school
 - D. When he left Harvard
2. What did he study at Harvard University?
 - A. Computer science
 - B. Law
 - C. Business
 - D. Marketing
3. What did he often do to relax while at Harvard?
 - A. Playing sports
 - B. Going to parties
 - C. Playing video games
 - D. Reading books
4. Why did he leave university?
 - A. He wanted to study another university.
 - B. He wanted to open a software company with his friend Paul Allen.
 - C. He thought that dropping out was a good idea.
 - D. He didn't want to study university anymore.
5. What did he receive from Harvard in 2007?
 - A. A job
 - B. A company
 - C. A certificate
 - D. An honorary degree
6. Bill Gates started his talk at Harvard by saying something to his _____
 - A. wife
 - B. father
 - C. daughter
 - D. son
7. What is the purpose of The Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation?
 - A. Improving healthcare
 - B. Reducing poverty
 - C. Promoting education
 - D. A, B & D